

TEST-04

Modern Algebra

Date - Tue. 7 June 2022

Max mark - 84

Time - 2 hr

Topic - Group Theory

Part-A { Single Correct Question's }

1. The total no. of group homo. from $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ to S_3
a. 1 b. 2 c. 9 d. 10

2. Let $f: (\mathbb{Z}, +) \rightarrow (\mathbb{C}^*, \cdot)$ be a group homo. define by

$$f(n) = \left[\frac{-1 + i\sqrt{3}}{2} \right]^n, \text{ Then it's kernel}$$

a. $(4\mathbb{Z}, +)$ b. $(6\mathbb{Z}, +)$ c. $(8\mathbb{Z}, +)$ d. $(3\mathbb{Z}, +)$

3. $U(2^k)$ is non-cyclic group for k

a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. none of these

4. Let G be a finite group of order 60. Then

- a. G has six 5-ssg b. G has four 3-ssg
c. G has cyclic subgroup of order 6
d. G has a unique element of order 2.

5. If $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$, Then

a. $A = A^{-2}$ b. $A = A^{-4}$ c. $A = A^{-5}$ d. $A = A^{-1}$

6. Let order of G is 62 , H is proper subgroup of G then which of the following is true?
- a. $H \subset Z(G)$ b. H is cyclic c. H is cyclic but not cyclic
d. H is unique.

7. Let $\frac{G}{Z(G)}$ is of order 7. Then select correct one
- a. order of G is either 7 or 14
b. order of G must be 14
c. order of G must be 7
d. none is correct

8. Consider the two sets $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ then
- a. # of function from A to B 243
b. # of one-one function from A to B 120
c. # of onto function from B to A is 0
d. # of one-one function from A to B is 60.

9. Let $f: (\mathbb{Z}, +) \rightarrow (\mathbb{R}^+, \cdot)$ be homomorphism, if $f(2) = \frac{1}{3}$ Then the value of $f(6)$ is
- a. $\frac{1}{27}$ b. 27 c. 81 d. $\frac{1}{81}$

10. If a and a^2 both are generator of a cyclic group then order of the group.
- a. only prime
b. only even integer
c. Any odd positive integer > 1
d. cannot be prime.

Part-B { Multiple select Question }

1. Let G be a group. H is subgroup of G let $a, b \in G$
Then which of the following is/are true.

- a. $Ha = H$ iff $a \in H$
- b. $Ha = Hb$ iff $ab^{-1} \in H$
- c. $o(H) = o(Ha) = o(aH)$
- d. $Ha = aH$ iff $aha^{-1} \in H \forall h \in H$

2. Let G be a finite group. Then which of the following is/are Incorrect.

- a. If $a \in G$, $N(a)$ is subgroup of order 2 $\Rightarrow a \in Z(G)$
- b. If $a \in Z(G)$ and $o[N(a)] = 2 \Rightarrow N(a)$ is non-trivial normal subgroup
- c. If $a \in Z(G)$ and $o[N(a)] = 2 \Rightarrow N(a)$ is normal subgroup
- d. Both a and b.

3. If $o[G/Z(G)] = p^2$, Then which of the following is/are true.

- a. $G/Z(G)$ is cyclic
- b. $G/Z(G)$ is abelian but not cyclic
- c. Every Proper subgroup of $G/Z(G)$ is cyclic
- d. G is non-abelian.

4. In $S_n, n=6$, let $G_1 = \langle (123) \rangle$, $G_2 = \langle (123)(456) \rangle$
 $G_3 = \langle (132)(465) \rangle$ Then

- a. G_1, G_2, G_3 are isomorphic
- b. G_1 is isomorphic to G_3 but not G_2
- c. $G_1 \cap G_2$ is isomorphic to $G_2 \cap G_3$
- d. $G_1 \cap G_2$ is isomorphic to \mathbb{Z}_3

5. If $|G| = 36$, $H < G$, $|H| = 4$ Then

- a. $H \subset Z(G)$ b. $H \triangleleft G$
c. $H = Z(G)$ d. H is abelian

6. Which of the following is/are true.

- a. G is abelian iff $G = Z(G)$
b. G is abelian iff $N(a) = G \forall a \in G$
c. $Z(G) = \bigcap_{a \in G} N(a)$
d. G is cyclic if $G = Z(G)$

7. Let G_1 is cyclic group of order 21, G_2 is non-abelian group of order 125, G_3 is Dihedral group of order 8 Then

- a. number of 7-ssg in $G_1 \times G_2 \times G_3$ is unique
b. Center of $G_1 \times G_2 \times G_3$ is abelian but not cyclic
c. $G_1 \times G_2 \times G_3$ has an element of order 8.
d. 2-ssg is normal in $G_1 \times G_2 \times G_3$.

8. Let $G = \mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_4$, $H = \{(0,0), (2,0), (0,2), (2,2)\}$ and $K = \langle (1,2) \rangle$, Then select the correct

- a. $\frac{G}{H} \cong \mathbb{Z}_4$, b. $\frac{G}{K} \cong \mathbb{Z}_4$ c. $\frac{G}{H} \cong \mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ d. $\frac{G}{K} \cong \mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$

9. In S_7 , $\alpha = (12345)(67)$, $\beta = (14253)(67)$

$\gamma = (1243)(56)$ and they are shown as:

- (a) $\alpha^7 = \beta^3$ (b) $\alpha^5 = \gamma^2$ (c) $\beta^3 = \gamma^2$

Then which of the following is/are true.

- a. a, b b. a, b, c
c. b, c d. none.

Part-C { Numerical Answer Type }

1. If G is a finite group, and $a \in G$ Then $a^{o(a)} = \underline{\quad}$.
2. Let $a=5^2$, $b=20$, $c=15$, $d=20$ Then value of $\text{Lcm} \{ \phi(d), \tau(c) \} \cdot \text{Gcd} \{ \sigma(b), w(a) \} = \underline{\quad}$
3. The Automorphism of cyclic group is always $\underline{\quad}$
4. The number of Distinct subgroup of Z_{999} $\underline{\quad}$
5. The value of $\phi[\sigma\{\tau(w(100))\}]$ is $\underline{\quad}$
6. How many normal subgroup in D_{2025} $\underline{\quad}$
7. The number of Automorphism $f: D_{20} \rightarrow D_{20}$ is $\underline{\quad}$
8. The order of $\overline{10}$ in $U(37)$ is $\underline{\quad}$
9. The Identity element of group $(P(N), \Delta)$ $\underline{\quad}$
10. Total number of conjugate class in S_5 $\underline{\quad}$
11. Let $G = Z_2 \times U(3) \times K_4$, and $a \in G$, How many elements satisfy the condition $a^2 = e$, e is Identity element of G .
12. If H and K are subgroup of G , then HK is a subgroup of G iff $\underline{\quad}$

.. Best Wishes from Vivek Sahu ..